

MARRIAGE CONTRACT

City or Municipality of Dagupan Province of Leyte

	HUSBAND	WIFE
CONTRACTING PARTIES	EB ID TIN	SANERA CASABANG
(a) Age	25 yrs. & 6 mos.	19 yrs. & 7 mos.
(b) Nationality	Filipino	Filipino
(c) Residence	Poblacion, Dagupan	Poblacion, Dagupan
SINGLE, WIDOWED or DIVORCED	Single	Single
FATHER	Primitivo Tin, Sr.	Benigno Ceballos, Sr.
Nationality	Filipino	Filipino
MOTHER	Leona Tin	Rosalina Ceballos
Nationality	Filipino	Filipino
WITNESSES	Mr. Julian de la Cruz, Jr.	Mrs. Lilia Ron
Residence	Poblacion, Dagupan	Poblacion, Dagupan
Persons who have consent or advice		Lilia C. Ceballos
(a) Residence		Poblacion, Dagupan
(b) Relation to contracting party		Stepmother

Place of marriage { Office of the
House of
Bureau of
Church of } Catholic Church of DagupanDate of marriage June 21, 1941Marriage solemnized by MR. LUIS B. GANTIC, D.P.(a) CATHOLIC PRIEST
(Position)(b) DAUPAN, LEYTE
(Address)

THIS IS TO CERTIFY: That I, EB ID TIN and I, SANERA CASABANG on the date and at the place above given, of our own free will and accord, and in the presence of the person solemnizing this marriage and of the two witnesses named below, both of age, take each other as husband and wife.

And I, MR. LUIS B. GANTIC, D.P. Catholic Priest CERTIFY: That on the date and at the place above written the aforesaid EB ID TIN and SANERA CASABANG were with their mutual consent lawfully joined together in holy matrimony by me in the presence of said witnesses, both of age; and I further certify that the Marriage License No. 4761687, issued at Dagupan, Leyte on May 25, 1941 in favor of said parties, was exhibited to me or no marriage license was exhibited to me, this marriage being of an exceptional character performed under Art. 386 of Rep. Act 386; and that consent or advice to such marriage was duly given, as required by law, by the person or persons above mentioned.

IN WITNESS WHEREFORE, we signed, (or marked with our fingerprint) this certificate in triplicate this 21st day of June, 1941.

EB ID TIN
(Contracting Party)SANERA CASABANG
(Contracting)MR. LUIS B. GANTIC, D.P.
(Catholic Priest)MR. JULIAN DE LA CRUZ, JR.MR.

NOTE:—In case of a marriage on the point of death, when the dying party, being physically unable, cannot sign the instrument by signature or mark, it shall be sufficient for one of the witnesses to the marriage to sign in his name, which fact shall be attested by the person solemnizing the marriage in the following form:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the contracting party, being on the point of death and physically unable to sign the foregoing marriage contract by signature or mark, one of the witnesses to the marriage signed for him or her said contract by writing the dying party's name and beneath it, the witness' own signature preceded by the preposition 'By'.

(Judge, Justice of the Peace, Mayor, Priest, Minister, etc.)

INSTRUCTIONS

1. A copy of this contract must be furnished to either of the contracting parties, another copy must be sent, not later than 15 days, (30 days in case of marriage "in articulo mortis" or at a place more than 15 km. distant from municipal building), after the solemnization of the marriage, to the Local Civil Registrar of the municipality where the marriage was performed, and the third copy (with marriage license, etc.) to be retained by the person solemnizing the marriage in the files he must keep (Rep. Act 386, Arts. 68, 73 and 74).

2. For marriage between Filipino citizens abroad, consuls and vice-consuls of the Republic of the Philippines shall send the copy pertaining to the local civil registrar (mentioned in No. 1) to the Civil Registrar-General, Manila. The duties of the local civil registrar and of a judge or justice of the peace or Mayor with regard to the celebration of marriage shall be performed by such consuls and vice-consuls. (Rep. Act 386, Art. 75).

Some Penal Provisions of Act 3613

Any priest or minister solemnizing marriage without being authorized by the Director of the Bureau of Public Libraries or who upon solemnizing Marriage, refuses to exhibit his authorization in force when called upon to do so by the parties or parents, grandparents, guardians, or persons having charge; and any bishop or officer, priest, or minister of any church, religion or sect the regulations and practices whereof require banns or publications previous to the solemnizations of marriage in accordance with section 10, who authorizes the immediate solemnization of a marriage that is subsequently declared illegal, or any officer, priest or minister solemnizing marriage in violation of the provisions of this Act, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than two years, or by a fine of not less than two hundred pesos nor more than two thousand pesos. (Sec. 39).

Any officer, minister or priest solemnizing marriage in a place other than those authorized by this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five pesos nor more than three hundred pesos, or by imprisonment for not more than one month, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 40).

Any officer, priest, or minister failing to deliver to either of the contracting parties one of the copies of the marriage contract or to forward the other copy to the authorities within the period fixed by law for said purpose, shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one month, or by a fine of not more than three hundred pesos, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 41).

Any officer, priest or minister who, having solemnized a marriage "In Articulo Mortis" or any other marriage of an exceptional character, shall fail to comply with the provisions of Chapter 11 of this Act, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than two years, or by a fine of not less than three hundred pesos nor more than two thousand pesos, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 43).

Any violation of any provision of this Act not specifically penalized, or of the regulations to be promulgated by the proper authorities shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred pesos or by imprisonment for not more than one month, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 44).

Any priest or minister of the gospel of any denomination, church, sect, or religion, convicted of the violation of any of the provisions of this Act, or of any crime involving moral turpitude, shall in addition to the penalties incurred in each case, be disqualified to solemnize marriage for a period of not less than six months nor more than six years at the discretion of the court. (Sec. 46, as amended by Act 4236).