MARRIAGE CONTRACT

City or Municipality of	Baybay , Province of Leyte		
		Husband	Wife
Contracting Parties	VIRGII	IO FLANDEZ	ARUIN BRAVO
(a) Age	23 yrs	. & 3 mos.	22 yrs old
(b) Nationality	Filipi	no.	
(c) Residence	Poblac	ion, Baybay	Poblacion Baybay
Single, widowed or divorced	Single	***************************************	
Father	Felipe	Flandez	1
Nationality	Filipi	no	Filipino
Mother	Alejar	dra Pieza	
Nationality	Filipi	20	73.7.
Witnesses	Atty.	Jesus Palermo	The state of the s
Residence		ion, Baybay	
Persons who gave consent or advice			7
(a) Residence	e e		Poblacion, Baybay
(b) Relation to contracting party			
Place of marriage Office of the House of Barrio of Church of	Catholic Church of Baybay		
Date of marriage			
Marriage solemnized by	Rev. F	r. Fermin P. Wa	abina Day, Leyte
and accord, and in the presence of a below, both of age, take each other		l wife.	
And I, Rev. Fr. Fern	nin P. Wahin	Then and one and a second party of the second	Parish Priest
CERTIFY: That on the date and at	the place above	written the aforesaid	Virgilio Flandez
in holy matrimony by me in the p the Marriage License No. 63127	resence of said	with their mutual con witnesses, both of age	sent lawfully joined together; and I further certify that
in favor of said parties, was exhib	ited to me or no	marriage license was e	exhibited to me, this marriage
being of an exceptional character	performed under	Art of Rep.	Act 386; and that consent or
advice to such marriage was duly	given, as requir	ed by law, by the pe	rson or persons above men-
tioned.			
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we sig	ned, (or marked	with our fingerprint)	this certificate in triplicate
this 3rdday of June		7.	
VIRGUIO (IANDEZ (Contracting Party) Atty. (Jesus Falermoods	11/1	IN F. WABINA (Mayor, Priest, Mirristor, etc.)	Contracting Party) Cardia La face Concepcion (1984)
Effersagun)	WITNE		at Bysshig

Note -in case of a marriage on the point of death, when the dying party, being physically unchie, cannot sign the Instrument by signature or mark, it shall be sufficient for one of the witnesses to the marriage to sign in his name, which fact shall be attested by the person solemnizing the marriage in the following form:

I HEREBY CERTIFY that the contracting party . being on the point of death and physically unable, to sign the foregoing marriage contract by signature or mark, one of the witnesses to the marriage signed for him or her said contract by writing the dying party's name and beneath it, the witness' own signature preceded by the preposition 'By'.

(Judga Justice of the Peace, Maroz. Priest, Minister. etc.)

INSTRUCTIONS

1. A copy of this contract must be furnished to either of the contracting parties, another copy must be sent, not later than 15 days (30 days in case of marriage "in articulo mortis" or at a place more than 15 km. distant from municipal building), after the solemnization of the marriage, to the Local Civil Registrar of the municipality where the marriage was performed, and the third copy (with marriage license, etc.) to be retained by the person solemnizing the marriage in the files he must keep (Rep. Act 386, Arts. 68, 73, and 74).

2. For marriages between Filipino citizens abroad, consuls and vice-consuls of the Republic of the Philippines shall send the copy pertaining to the local civil registrar (mentioned in No. 1) to the Civil Registrar-General, Ma-The duties of the local civil registrar and of a judge or justice of the peace or mayor with regard to the celebration of marriage shall be performed by such consuls and vice-consuls (Rep. Act 386, Art. 75).

SOME PENAL PROVISIONS OF ACT 3013

Any priest or minister solemnizing marriage without being authorized by the Director of the Bureau of Public Libraries or who upon solemnizing Marriage, refuses to exhibit his authorization in force when called upon to do so minister of any church, religion or sect the regulations or persons having charge; and any bishop or officer, priest, or to the solemnizations of marriage in accordance with section 10, who authorizes the immediate solemnization of a marriage that is subsequently declared illegal, or any officer, priest or minister solemnizing marriage in violation of the provisions of this Act, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than two years, or by a fine of net less than two hundred pesos nor more than two thousand peses. (Sec. 39).

Any officer, minister or priest, solemnizing marriage in a place other than those authorized by this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five pesos nor more than three hundred pesos, or by imprisonment for not more than one month, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 40).

Any officer, priest, or minister failing to deliver to either of the contracting parties one of the copies of the marriage contract or to forward the other copy to the authorities within the period fixed by law for said purpose, shall be punished by imprisonment for not more than one month, or by a fine of not more than three hundred pesses, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 41).

Any officer, priest, or minister who, having solemnized a marriage "In Articulo Mortis" or any other marriage of an exceptional character, shall fail to comply with the provisions of Chapter II of this Act, shall be punished by imprisonment for not less than one month nor more than two years, or by a fine of not less than three hundred pesce nor more than two thousand pesos, or both in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 43).

Any violation of any provision of this Act not specifically penalized, or of the regulations to be premuigated by the proper authorities shall be punished by a fine of not more than two hundred pesos or by imprisonment for not more than one month, or both, in the discretion of the court. (Sec. 44)

Any priest or minister of the gospel of any denomination, church, sect, or religion convicted of the violation of any of the provisions of this Act, or of any crime, involving moral turpitude, shall in addition to the penalties incurred in each case, be disqualified to solemnize marriage for a period of not less than six months nor more than six years at the discretion of the court. (Sec 46, as amended by Act 4236).